

## Appendix C: Objectives and Indicators That Utilize BRFSS Data

**Utah Objectives:** Utah objectives are listed in the 2001 Division Plan and Report for the Utah Department of Health, Division of Community and Family Health Services (CFHS). This report was designed to be an integrated and comprehensive reporting system of the objectives and outcome measures for the programs within the Division of Community and Family Health Services. It highlights indicators for chronic disease, maternal and infant health, vaccine-preventable diseases and violence and injury prevention. The goals of CFHS are to reduce preventable illness, disability, and death from adverse pregnancy outcomes, chronic diseases, disabling conditions, injury and violence and vaccine-preventable infections. CFHS programs that regularly use BRFSS data include Cancer Control, Cardiovascular Disease, Diabetes Control, Oral Health, Violence and Injury Prevention, Arthritis, Pregnancy RiskLine, and Tobacco Prevention and Control.

**HP2000 (Healthy People 2000):** Healthy People 2000 objectives were developed through a national process in which people from across the country helped to define a disease prevention and health promotion agenda for the Nation using the best scientific knowledge and designed to measure programs over time. The year 2000 objectives were built upon the 1990 objectives effort which was initiated in 1979 with the publication of *Healthy People: The Surgeon General's Report on Health Promotion and Disease Prevention*. The Healthy People 2000 objectives emphasized prevention of disability and morbidity; greater attention to improvements in the health status of definable population groups at highest risk of premature death, disease, and disability; and inclusion of more screening interventions to detect asymptomatic diseases and conditions early enough to prevent early death or chronic illness.

**HP2010 (Healthy People 2010):** Healthy People 2010 builds on the 1979 Surgeon General's report and the Healthy People 2000 objectives. Healthy People 2010 is designed to achieve two overarching goals: Goal 1: Increase Quality and Years of Healthy Life, and Goal 2: Eliminate Health Disparities. Each of the 28 focus area chapters also contains a concise goal statement. This statement frames the overall purpose of the focus area.

**CDI (Chronic Disease Indicator):** The Council of State and Territorial Epidemiologists (CSTE), the Association of State and Territorial Chronic Disease Program Directors (ASTCDPD), and the National Center for Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (NCCDPHP, CDC) partnered to manage and direct the process to identify 73 indicators for chronic disease surveillance. This effort resulted in the publication in November, 1999, of *Indicators for Chronic Disease Surveillance: Consensus of CSTE, ASTCDPD, and CDC*. This publication outlines the process that was used to select the indicators and defines a data source for each indicator. Twenty four of the indicators use BRFSS data.

**CHSI (Community Health Status Indicators):** In response to requests for health assessment information at the local level, the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Health Resources and Services Administration (HRSA) funded a collaboration among the Association of State and Territorial Health Officials (ASTHO), the Association of County and City Health Officials (NACCHO), and the Public Health Foundation (PHF) to publish reports for all 3,082 U.S. counties. The CHSI Reports provide a profile of each county's overall health status using a broad spectrum of health indicators. Already-existing data resources were used, including the BRFSS. For certain health indicators, no county-level data were available, and state-level data were used instead. Counties can compare their health indicators to Healthy People 2010 targets, 1997 U.S. rates, and peer counties – counties which share characteristics of population size, density, age distribution, and poverty.