IF YOU HAVE FIREARMS IN YOUR HOME

- Store guns safely and securely when not in use.
- As appropriate for your situation, store ammunition in a separate securely locked container.
- Keep the keys where children and others cannot find them.

The storage method chosen must provide an adequate level of protection to prevent unauthorized persons from accessing the firearms. Different types of locking mechanisms offer varying degrees of security and accessibility. Some storage methods include keyed locks, combination locks, lock boxes, firearm safes, etc.

You should consider securing your firearms, even if you don't have children, due to the possibility of theft. Firearms are a favorite target of burglars, and professional thieves know all the hiding places that you may think of.

Basic Firearm Safety Rules
1. Treat all firearms as if they are loaded.
2. Always keep your finger off the trigger until your sights are on target and you have made the decision to fire.
3. Never point a firearm at anything you are not willing to shoot/destroy.
4. Know your target, your target’s environment, and any other safety hazard before you fire.

Other Safety Rules / Range Safety Rules
- Know how to use the firearm safely.
- Ensure the firearm is safe to operate.
- Use the correct ammunition for your firearm.
- Wear eye and ear protection appropriately.
- Never use alcohol or drugs before or while shooting. Alcohol and any other controlled substances will impair normal mental or physical bodily functions.
- Never handle a firearm in an emotional state such as anger or depression.

Call for help if you or someone you know has thought about or expressed suicidal thoughts. HELP is available 24 hours a day 7 days a week.

If you live in Utah, call the Statewide Crisis Line at (801) 587-3000 or at 1-800-273-TALK (8255). In case of emergency call 911 or visit your local emergency room.

The Definition of Firearm Safety
A collection of rules and recommendations that can be applied when possessing, storing, or handling firearms. The purpose of firearm safety is to eliminate or minimize the risk of unintentional death, injury, or damage caused by improper possession, storage, or handling of firearms.
**Utah Code Ann. § 76-10-503.**

For more in-depth information on the federal disqualifying mental health histories.

Federal law prohibits the purchase and possession of firearms by people who fall within certain categories; such as convicted felons, domestic abusers, and people with specific kinds of mental health histories.


**Understanding Your Firearm**

Before handling a new firearm you should know how to properly load, unload and clear a malfunction from your firearm. Not all firearms are mechanically the same. Never assume that what applies to one make or model exactly applies to another.

The mechanical safety device of a firearm is never foolproof. The safety device can never replace safe firearm handling. Before cleaning your firearm, make absolutely sure it is unloaded. The action should be open during the cleaning process and no ammunition should be present in the cleaning area.

**Seek Proper Instruction**

To obtain instruction regarding the operation of your firearm you should do the following before attempting to use a firearm:

- Speak to a reputable firearms dealer.
- Speak to the manufacturer directly.
- Read and understand the owner’s manual.
- Attend a reputable firearms safety handling course.

**Prohibited Persons**

Federal law prohibits the purchase and possession of firearms by people who fall within certain categories; such as convicted felons, domestic abusers, and people with specific kinds of mental health histories.

**FIREARM OWNERSHIP**

From the moment you decide to own a firearm, you are not just exercising your right, but taking the responsibility to use that firearm in a legal manner, rationally, intelligently, and safely at all times, without exception.

According to federal statistics, there are firearms in approximately half of all U.S. households. Even if you do not have a firearm in your home, chances are that someone you know does.

It is important firearm owners follow safety precautions while handling and storing their firearms, not just for their own safety, but for the safety of their families and the general public.

**Steps For Children**

- STOP
- DON’T TOUCH
- LEAVE THE AREA
- TELL A RESPONSIBLE ADULT

**Steps For Parents**

- Relate firearm safety rules to children.
- Emphasize that a firearm should never be used without adult supervision.
- Practice firearm safety with your children.
- Emphasize to children that firearms aren’t toys.
- Teach the difference between real guns and toy guns.
- Teach children how to properly identify a firearm and avoid unsafe situations.

**Children should be taught what to do if they come across a firearm without an adult present. To counter the natural impulse to touch a firearm, it is imperative that you impress these safety steps to your children.**

**KEEPING CHILDREN SAFE**

It’s essential that you instill a mindset of safety and responsibility to ALL members of the household. Families that own firearms for recreational purposes or for hunting should explain the proper use of a firearm and hunting related firearm safety.

**Steps For Parents**

- Relate firearm safety rules to children.
- Emphasize that a firearm should never be used without adult supervision.
- Practice firearm safety with your children.
- Emphasize to children that firearms aren’t toys.
- Teach the difference between real guns and toy guns.
- Teach children how to properly identify a firearm and avoid unsafe situations.

**Utah Suicide Facts**

- Suicide is the 6th leading cause of death in Utah
- Utah ranks 7th in the nation for suicides
- Utah ranks 5th in the nation for youth suicide deaths
- It’s the 2nd leading cause of death for ages 10-17
- In an average classroom size of 30…
  - 8 will report feeling sad and hopeless
  - 4 will have seriously considered suicide
  - 4 will have made a suicide plan
  - 2 will have attempted suicide one or more times
  - 1 will have had medical treatment for a suicide attempt

**PREVENTING SUICIDE**

**Suicide Warning Signs**

Listed below are signs that someone may be at risk for suicide. Risk is greater if a behavior is new or has increased.

- Talking about wanting to die or kill oneself.
- Looking for a way to kill oneself, such as searching online or buying a gun.
- Talking about feeling hopeless, having no reason to live, being trapped, in unbearable pain, or about being a burden to others.
- Increasing the use of alcohol or drugs.
- Acting anxious or agitated; behaving recklessly.
- Sleeping too little or too much.
- Withdrawing or feeling isolated.
- Showing rage or talking about seeking revenge.
- Displaying extreme mood swings.
- Experiencing relational, social, work, or financial loss.

**What To Do**

- Take any threat of suicide seriously.
- Do not leave the person alone.
- Listen to and don’t judge anyone you think may be in trouble.
- Take action.

**Suicidal crises are often time limited. Taking safety precautions can help save a life.**

**FIREARMS—Lock, Limit, Remove**

- Store guns safely and securely when not in use.
- Consider temporary off-site storage, if a family member may be suicidal. Friends along with some gun shops or police departments may be willing to store them for you temporarily.

**MEDICATIONS—Lock, Limit, Remove**

- Never keep lethal doses on hand. A pharmacist can advise you on safe quantities of medications.
- Lock up medications. Properly dispose of medications when no longer needed.
- Remove medications from the home when a family member may be suicidal.

**SUPPORT—Listen and Ask**

- Be aware of the warning signs of suicide, which are not always obvious.
- Pay attention to the moods and behavior of your family and friends.
- Ask family and friends if they’re thinking about suicide and get them help, if you notice significant changes in moods and behavior.